



POPULATION IN BRIEF 2017

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OVERVIEW

1. Population in Brief is an annual publication providing key updates and trends on Singapore's population.
2. Its goal is to promote understanding of the factors that contribute to a sustainable population in Singapore. A sustainable population is one that is balanced across the three pillars of a **strong and cohesive society** with Singaporeans at its heart, a **dynamic and vibrant economy** to provide good jobs and opportunities for Singaporeans, and a **high quality living environment**.
3. Key highlights of the past year:
 - In 2016, there were 23,873 citizen marriages, slightly above the 23,805 citizen marriages in 2015. There were 33,167 citizen births in 2016, compared with 33,725 in 2015. The number of citizen births remained above the average of the past decade of about 32,200 citizen births.
 - The citizen population grew at a similar pace as last year, with 3.44 million citizens as of June 2017. The citizen population continues to age, with 14.4% aged 65 and above compared with 13.7% last year. The permanent resident population remained stable at 0.53 million.
 - The non-resident population declined by 1.6% to 1.65 million as of June 2017, driven mainly by a decline in the number of Work Permit Holders in the Construction and Marine & Offshore Engineering sectors, reflecting the weakness in these sectors.
 - Overall, total population growth was almost flat at 0.1% in the last year compared with 1.3% in the previous year. The total population size remained stable at 5.61 million as of June 2017.

KEY INDICATORS

OVERALL POPULATION ('000)	2016	2017
Citizen population	3,408.9	3,439.2
Permanent resident (PR) population	524.6	526.6
Resident population	3,933.6	3,965.8
Non-resident population	1,673.7	1,646.5
Total population	5,607.3	5,612.3
AGE PROFILE OF CITIZENS	2016	2017
Proportion aged 65 and above (%)	13.7	14.4
Citizen median age (years)	41.0	41.3
Citizen old-age support ratio ¹	4.7	4.4
MARRIAGE & PARENTHOOD	2015	2016
Number of marriages involving at least one citizen	23,805	23,873
Citizen births	33,725	33,167
Resident total fertility rate ²	1.24	1.20

Note: The reference period for all data above is as of June of the year, except for Marriage & Parenthood data which are based on the full calendar year (January to December).

Source: Department of Statistics, Immigration & Checkpoints Authority

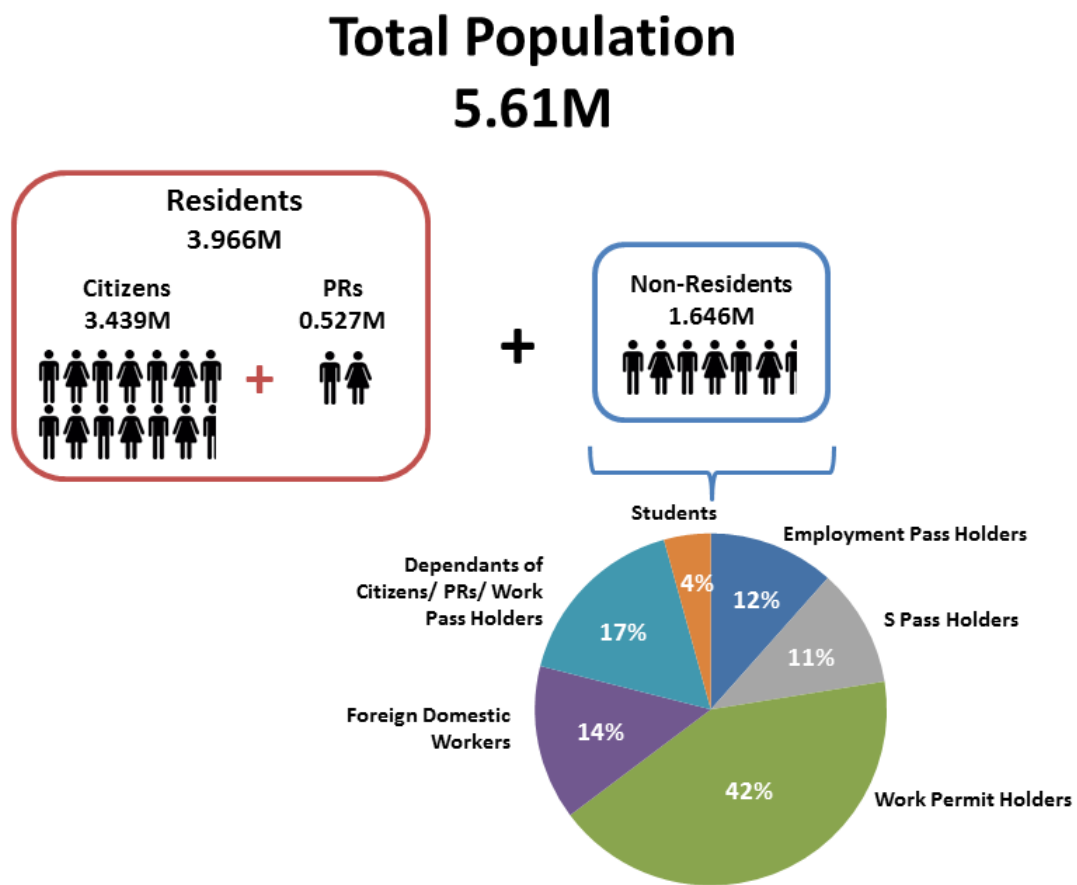
¹ The old-age support ratio refers to the number of persons aged 20-64 years, for every person aged 65 years and over.

² Total fertility rate refers to the average number of children who would be born per female, if all females live through their childbearing years of 15-49 and bear children according to a given set of age-specific fertility rates.

OVERALL POPULATION

1. There were 3.44 million Singapore citizens as of June 2017. Together with 0.53 million permanent residents (PRs), there were 3.97 million residents. Non-residents totalled 1.65 million, and include dependants, international students and individuals who are here to work. Overall, Singapore’s total population stood at 5.61 million.

Diagram 1: Total population, as of June 2017³



Source: Department of Statistics, Ministry of Manpower
Numbers may not sum due to rounding.

³ The figures are based on stock numbers as of end June 2017.

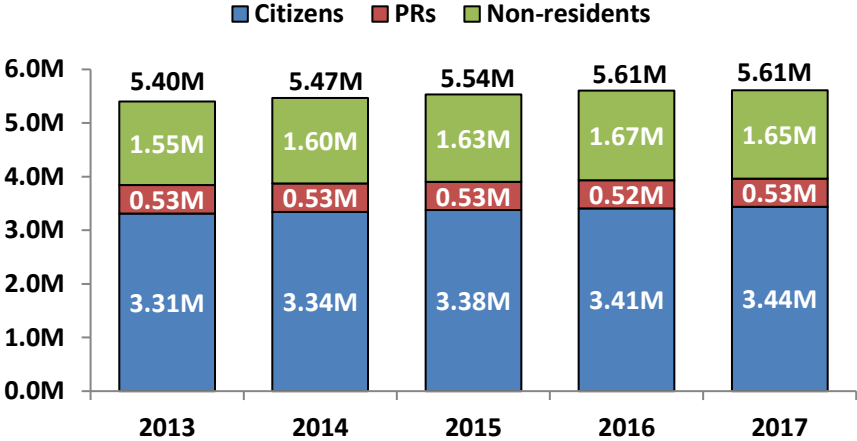
Work Permit Holders are mostly in occupations which face difficulties hiring Singaporeans (e.g. construction workers).

S Pass holders work in various industries such as retail, manufacturing, and healthcare (e.g. allied healthcare workers), as well as in social and voluntary welfare sectors as care-givers for the elderly.

Employment Pass Holders work in managerial, executive or specialised jobs.

2. The citizen population grew by 0.9% due to citizen births and immigration. The PR population remained stable (Chart 1).

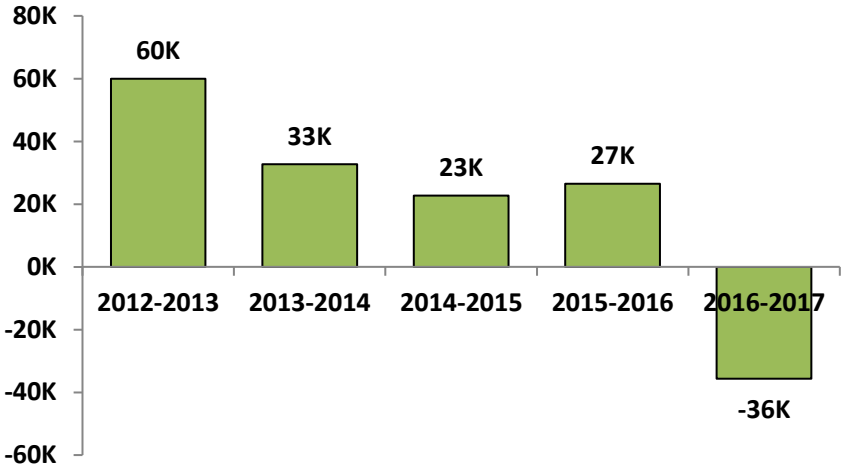
Stable Growth in Citizen Population; Stable PR Population Size
Chart 1: Total population by residency status, as of June



Source: Department of Statistics
 Numbers may not sum due to rounding.

3. The non-resident population fell by 1.6% to 1.65 million, due to a decline in foreign employment last year (Chart 2). This was mainly attributed to a decrease in the number of Work Permit Holders in the Construction and Marine & Offshore Engineering sectors, reflecting the weakness in these sectors.

Decline in Foreign Employment From June 2016 to June 2017
Chart 2: Foreign employment growth⁴, as of June



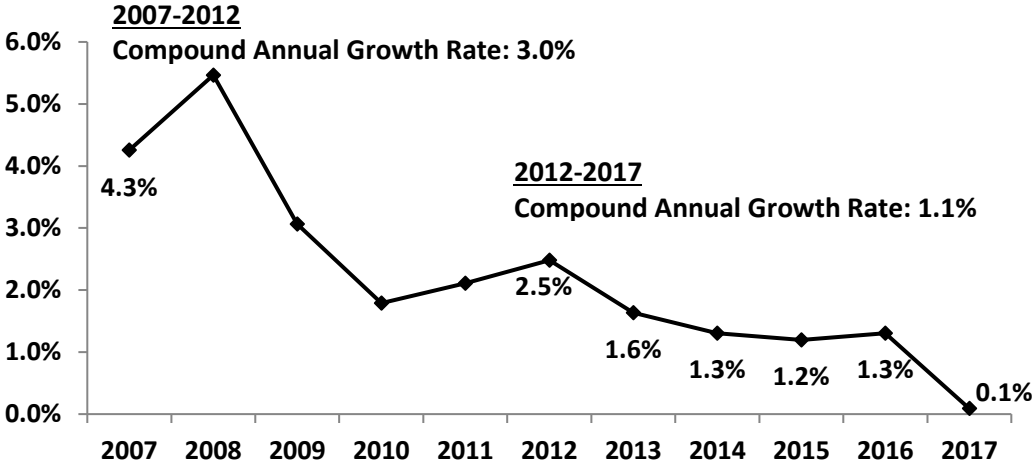
Source: Ministry of Manpower

⁴ The figures refer to foreigners employed at any time in the month, in line with internationally accepted statistical definitions of employment. Foreign domestic workers are excluded in the figures.

4. As a result of the decline in the non-resident population, Singapore’s total population growth was almost flat at 0.1% last year, compared with 1.3% in the previous year (Chart 3).

Slower Total Population Growth Rate Compared to Previous Year

Chart 3: Total population growth rate per year, as of June (%)



Source: Department of Statistics

AGEING

5. With increasing life expectancy and low fertility rates, the proportion of our citizen population aged 65 years⁵ and above is rising, and doing so at a faster pace compared to the last decade. We can expect the large cohorts of ‘baby boomers’⁶ to begin entering the post-65 age range (Chart 4a). Between 2016 and 2017, the proportion of citizens aged 65 years and above increased from 13.7% to 14.4%. The median age of the citizen population rose from 41.0 years to 41.3 years in the same period (Chart 4b).

Greater Proportion of Citizen Population Aged 65 Years and Above

Chart 4a: Age profile of citizen population, as of June

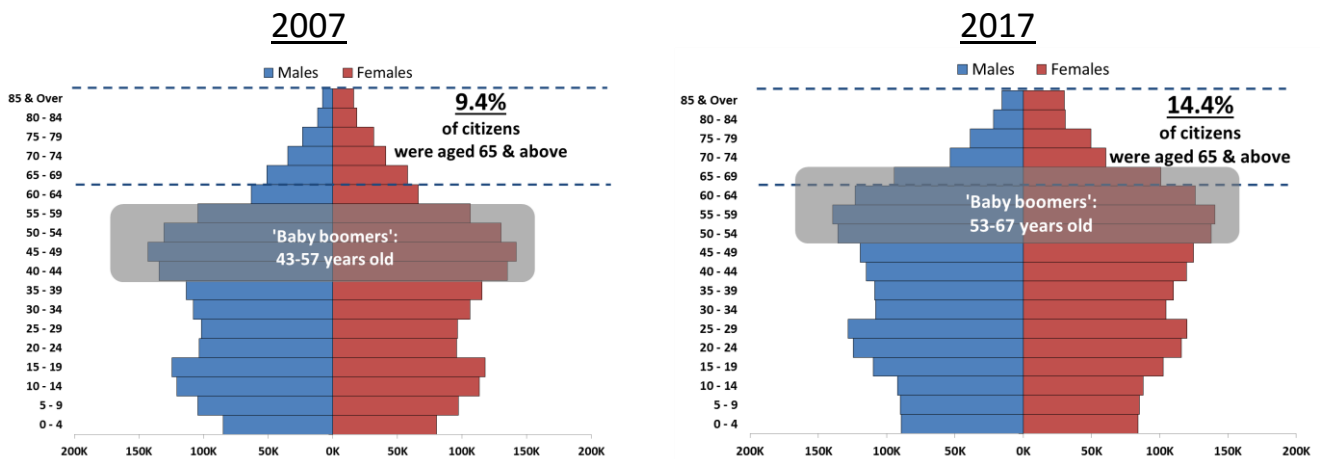
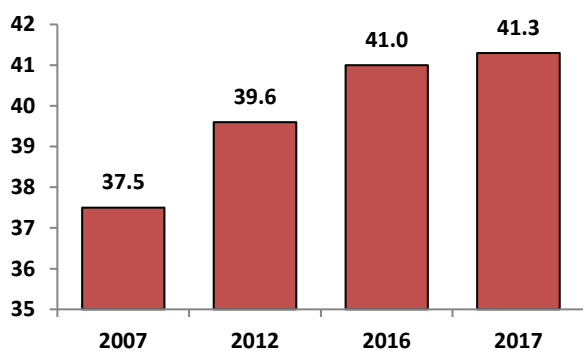
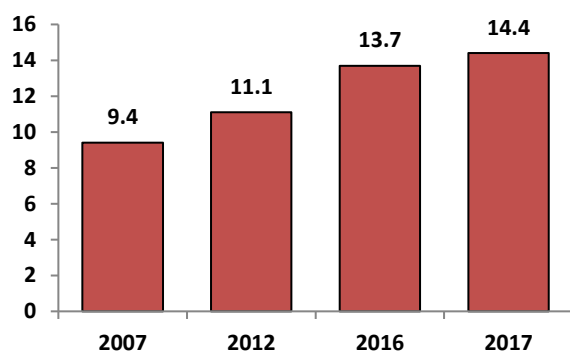


Chart 4b: Median age and proportion of citizens aged 65 years and above

Median age of citizens (years)



% of citizens aged 65 years and above



Source: Department of Statistics

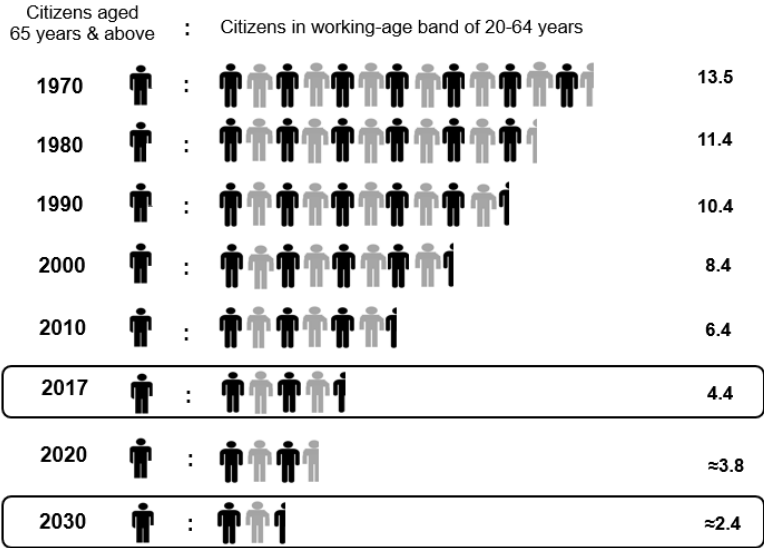
⁵ The benchmark of 65 years aligns with international statistical definitions.

⁶ For this publication, ‘baby boomers’ are defined as those born from 1950 to 1964.

6. Currently, there are 4.4 citizens in the working age band of 20-64 years⁷, for each citizen aged 65 years and above (Chart 5, citizen old-age support ratio). This is a decline from 6.8 in 2007, and could fall to about 2.4 in 2030. If we include PRs, our resident (i.e. citizen + PR) old-age support ratio stands higher at 5.1 in 2017, as majority of our PRs are in the working ages.

Fewer Working-Age Citizens to Each Citizen Aged 65 and Above

Chart 5: Citizen old-age support ratio, 1970-2030

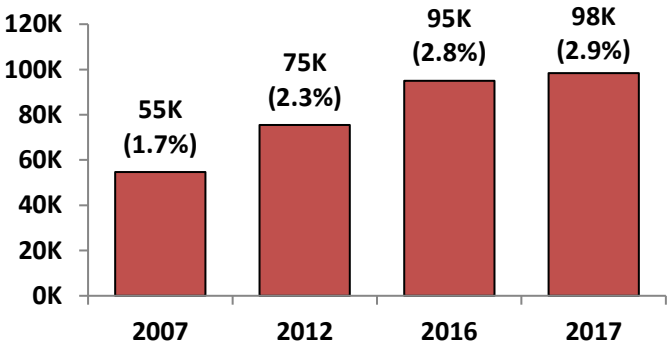


Source: Department of Statistics

7. The number of citizens aged 80 and above has also almost doubled over the last decade (Chart 6).

More Citizens Aged 80 and Above

Chart 6: Number and % of citizens aged 80 years and above



Source: Department of Statistics

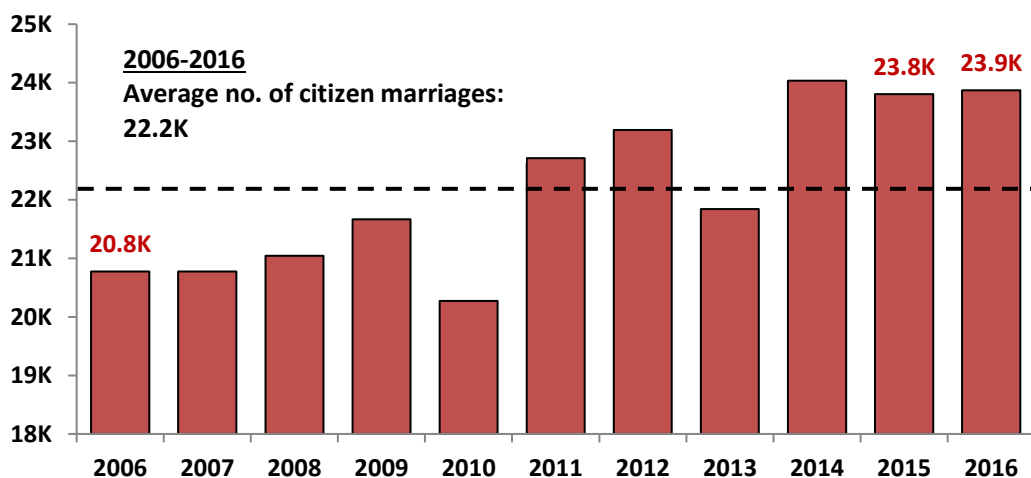
⁷ Today in Singapore, many of those aged 65 years and above continue to work beyond the working ages of 20-64 years.

MARRIAGE & PARENTHOOD

8. There were 23,873 citizen marriages⁸ in 2016, a slight increase from 23,805 marriages in 2015, and higher than the average of the past decade of about 22,200 citizen marriages (Chart 7). The median age at first marriage in 2016 was 30.0 years for citizen grooms and 28.0 years for citizen brides, similar to the preceding two years.

Citizen Marriages in 2016 Increased Slightly from 2015

Chart 7: Citizen marriages

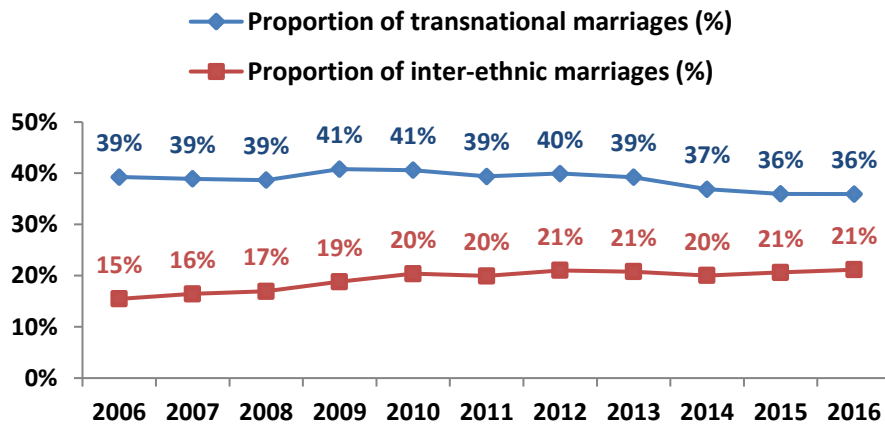


Source: Department of Statistics

⁸ Citizen marriages refer to marriages involving at least one citizen.

9. More than a third of citizen marriages last year involved transnational⁹ couples, and 2 in 10 citizen marriages were inter-ethnic (Chart 8).

Chart 8: Transnational and inter-ethnic marriages involving at least one citizen

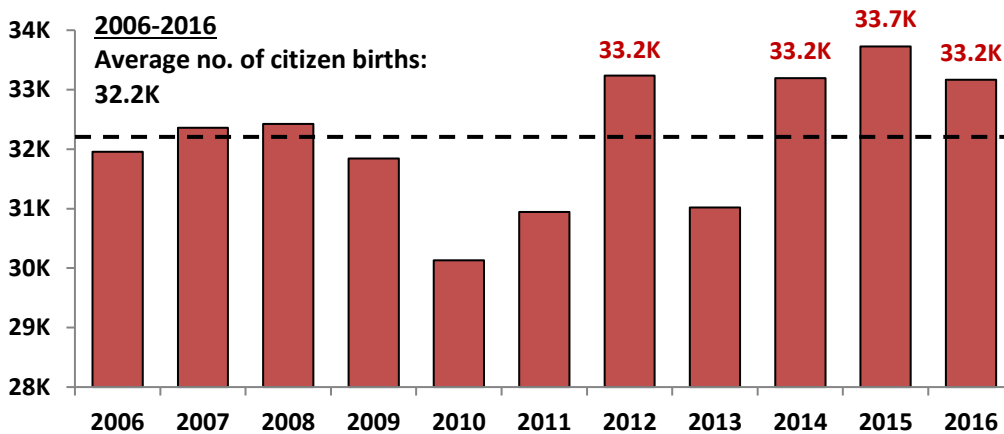


Source: Department of Statistics

10. The number of citizen births¹⁰ fell slightly to 33,167, from 33,725 in 2015. Nonetheless, this remained above the average of the past decade of about 32,200 citizen births (Chart 9). The median age of citizen mothers at first birth remained at 30.3 years in the last three years.

2016 Citizen Births Remained Above Decade's Average

Chart 9: Citizen births



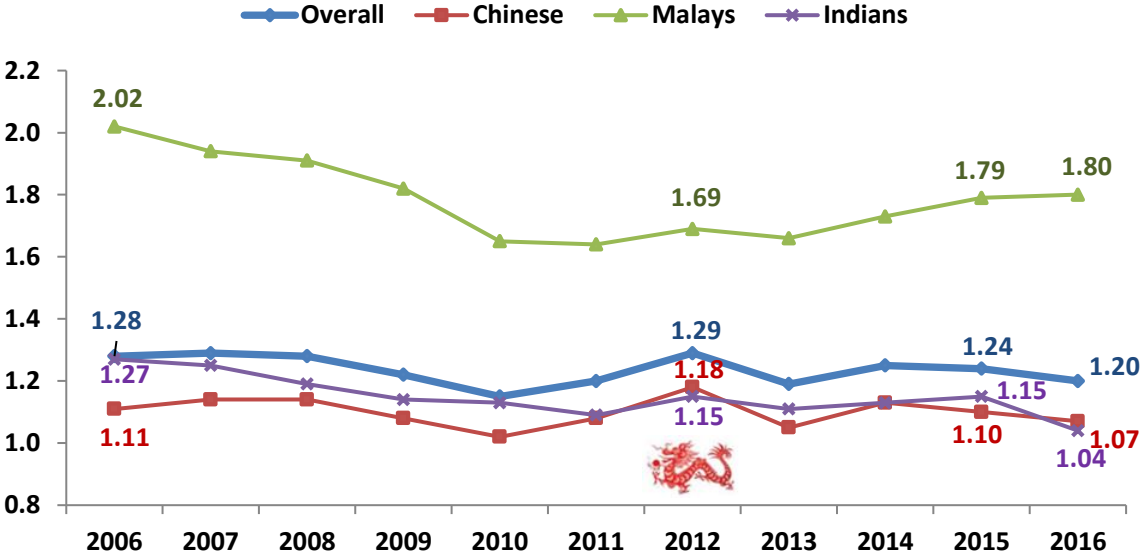
Source: Immigration & Checkpoints Authority

⁹ Transnational marriages refer to marriages involving one citizen and one non-citizen (i.e. permanent resident or non-resident).

¹⁰ Citizen births refer to babies born to at least one citizen parent.

11. Resident total fertility rate (TFR)¹¹ decreased slightly to 1.20 from 1.24 in 2015 (Chart 10). This is due partly to a larger cohort of young Singaporeans (aged 18-28 in 2016) – many of whom are children of our baby boomers – entering the peak childbearing ages, but who might not have started having children yet.

Decrease in Overall TFR
Chart 10: Resident TFR by ethnic group (per female)



Note: 2012 was the Year of the Dragon (Chinese Zodiac)
 Source: Department of Statistics

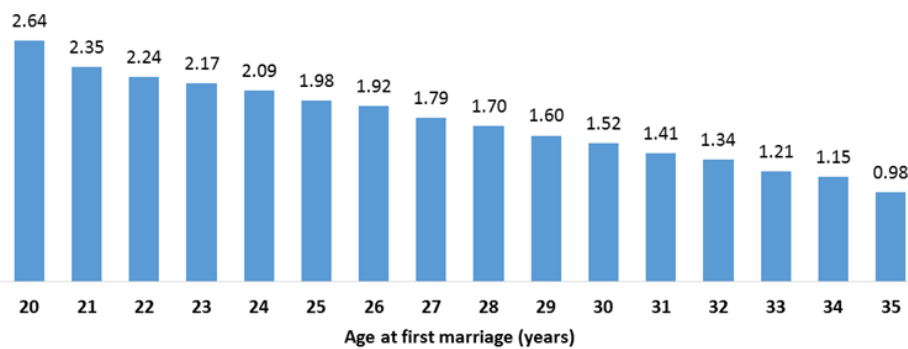
¹¹ Total fertility rate refers to the average number of children that would be born per female, if all females live through their childbearing years of 15-49 and bear children according to a given set of age-specific fertility rates.

More children among those who marry earlier

Couples who marry earlier tend to have more children. As [Chart 11](#) shows, women who married in their twenties tend to have more children on average by the time they are 45, compared to those who married in their thirties. For example, women who married at age 25 had nearly 2 children on average by age 45, while those who married at age 35 had about 1 child on average.

Women who marry earlier tend to have more children

Chart 11: Average number of children born to ever-married citizen females at age 45 years (1965-1970 birth cohorts), by age at first marriage



Source: Department of Statistics

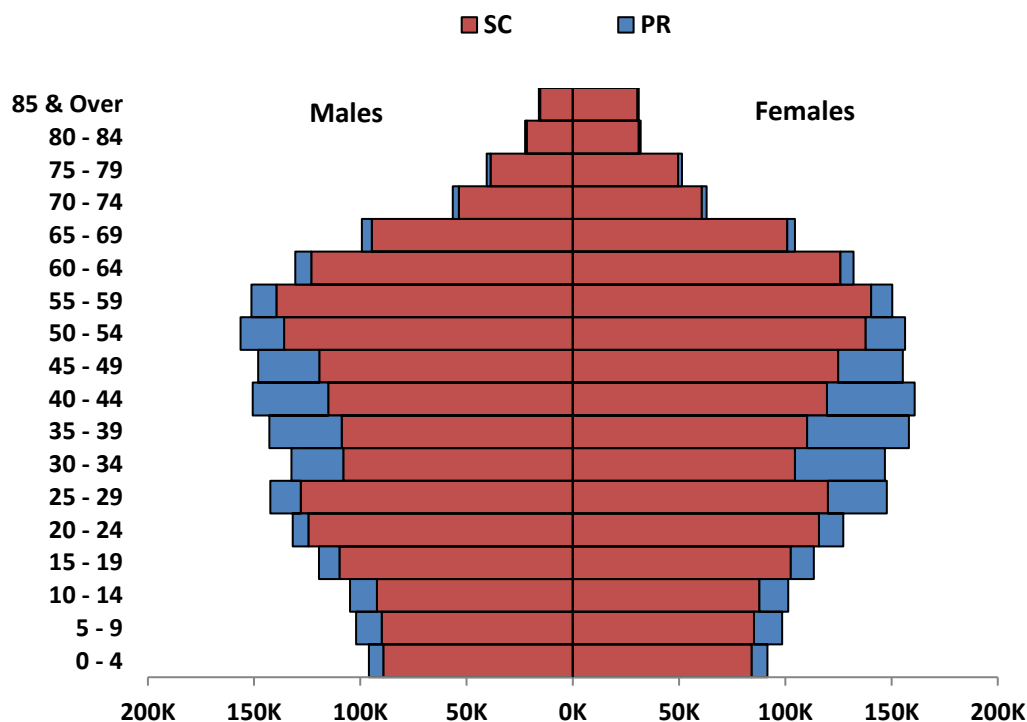
IMMIGRATION & CITIZENS BY DESCENT

12. Immigration helps to moderate the shrinking size and pace of ageing of our citizen population. Similar to past years, Singapore grants between 15,000 and 25,000 new citizenships annually, to individuals who are committed to making Singapore their home. They share family ties with Singaporeans, or have either studied, worked or lived here for some time.

13. Permanent residence is an intermediate step by which individuals may take up citizenship in Singapore. Since the tightening of the immigration framework in late 2009, we have accepted about 30,000 new PRs a year. This keeps the PR population size stable, and provides a pool of candidates who may be suitable for citizenship. The majority of our PRs are in the prime working ages of 25-49 years (Chart 12).

Immigration Helps to Moderate the Shrinking and Ageing of Our Citizen Population

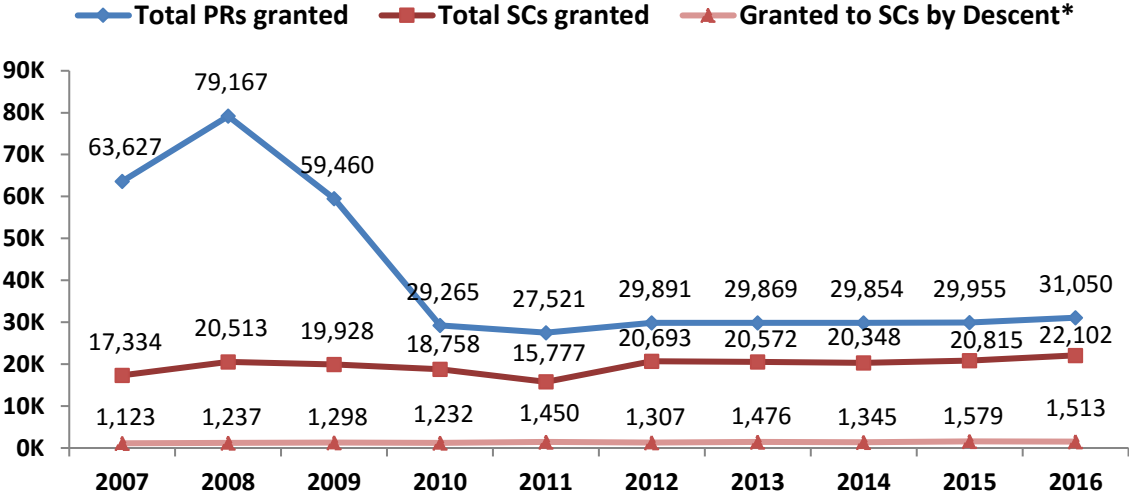
Chart 12: Age pyramid of resident population, as of June 2017



Source: Department of Statistics

14. In 2016, 22,102 Singapore Citizens (SCs) and 31,050 PRs were granted. Besides immigration, citizenships are also granted to children born overseas to Singaporean parents (“citizens by descent”). Last year, such children made up about 1,500 or 7% of the new SCs granted (Chart 13).

Chart 13: Number of SCs and PRs granted



**This is a subset of the total SCs granted each year. It refers to SCs granted to children born overseas to Singaporean parents.*

Source: Immigration & Checkpoints Authority

ANNEX

Detailed Statistical Tables

Table 1: Total population, as of June ('000)

	2007	2012	2016	2017
Citizens	3,133.8	3,285.1	3,408.9	3,439.2
PRs	449.2	533.1	524.6	526.6
Residents	3,583.1	3,818.2	3,933.6	3,965.8
Non-residents	1,005.5	1,494.2	1,673.7	1,646.5
Total	4,588.6	5,312.4	5,607.3	5,612.3

Source: Department of Statistics

Table 2: Singapore citizens by age group, ethnic group and gender, June 2017

Age Group (Years)	Total			Chinese			Malays			Indians			Others		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
	Number ('000)														
Total	3,439.2	1,707.2	1,731.9	2,617.6	1,294.5	1,323.1	515.0	259.3	255.7	255.8	129.0	126.9	50.8	24.5	26.3
0 - 4	173.3	89.2	84.1	120.9	62.3	58.7	34.3	17.7	16.7	12.7	6.6	6.2	5.3	2.6	2.7
5 - 9	175.3	90.0	85.3	125.4	64.6	60.8	30.8	15.8	15.1	14.1	7.1	7.0	5.0	2.5	2.5
10 - 14	180.0	92.2	87.8	125.9	64.6	61.2	33.6	17.3	16.3	16.2	8.1	8.1	4.3	2.2	2.2
15 - 19	212.4	109.8	102.6	148.6	76.9	71.7	41.3	21.5	19.9	18.3	9.3	9.0	4.2	2.1	2.1
20 - 24	240.3	124.5	115.8	170.4	88.3	82.1	46.5	24.1	22.5	19.7	10.1	9.6	3.7	1.9	1.7
25 - 29	248.1	128.1	120.0	177.5	92.0	85.5	47.4	24.2	23.1	19.7	10.0	9.8	3.5	1.8	1.6
30 - 34	212.5	108.0	104.5	154.2	78.4	75.7	38.5	19.6	18.9	17.0	8.7	8.3	2.9	1.3	1.6
35 - 39	219.1	108.8	110.2	170.2	84.3	85.9	30.0	15.3	14.7	16.0	8.0	8.0	2.8	1.2	1.6
40 - 44	234.8	115.1	119.7	187.0	91.0	96.0	27.9	14.1	13.8	16.8	8.5	8.3	3.1	1.4	1.6
45 - 49	244.2	119.3	125.0	190.4	92.1	98.3	31.5	15.6	15.9	19.1	10.2	9.0	3.2	1.4	1.8
50 - 54	273.7	135.9	137.8	207.5	102.7	104.8	41.4	20.5	20.9	21.6	11.1	10.4	3.2	1.5	1.7
55 - 59	279.9	139.5	140.4	217.3	108.0	109.3	38.9	19.5	19.4	20.7	10.6	10.1	2.9	1.3	1.5
60 - 64	249.1	123.1	126.0	201.6	99.7	101.9	29.2	14.3	14.8	16.1	8.0	8.2	2.2	1.1	1.1
65 - 69	195.4	94.6	100.9	162.9	79.1	83.7	19.0	8.9	10.0	11.9	5.6	6.3	1.7	0.9	0.8
70 - 74	114.4	53.6	60.8	97.7	45.9	51.7	9.8	4.5	5.3	6.0	2.7	3.3	0.9	0.4	0.5
75 - 79	88.3	38.7	49.6	76.4	33.7	42.7	6.8	3.0	3.9	4.3	1.7	2.6	0.7	0.3	0.4
80 - 84	52.7	21.7	31.0	44.3	18.2	26.1	4.8	2.0	2.8	3.0	1.2	1.7	0.6	0.2	0.4
85 & Over	45.8	15.4	30.4	39.4	12.5	26.9	3.2	1.3	1.9	2.5	1.4	1.2	0.6	0.2	0.4

Source: Department of Statistics

Table 3: Ethnic mix of citizen population, as of June (%)

	2007	2012	2016	2017
Chinese	76.4	76.2	76.1	76.1
Malay	15.2	15.0	15.0	15.0
Indian	7.3	7.4	7.4	7.4
Others	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.5

Source: Department of Statistics

Table 4: Overseas Singaporean population¹², as of June

Year	Number of Overseas Singaporeans
2006	168,200
2007	172,000
2008	181,900
2009	180,700
2010	184,400
2011	192,200
2012	200,000
2013	207,000
2014	212,200
2015	212,500
2016	213,400
2017	214,700

Source: Department of Statistics

**Table 5: Old-age support ratio, as of June
(persons aged 20-64 years per person aged 65 years & above)**

	2007	2012	2016	2017
Residents	7.7	6.7	5.4	5.1
Citizens	6.8	5.9	4.7	4.4

Source: Department of Statistics

¹² Defined as Singapore citizens with a registered foreign address or who are away for a cumulative period of at least six months in the past 12 months prior to the reference date (i.e. June each year). This would include frequent travellers who have their usual residence (venue of residence for a period of at least 12 months) in Singapore but travel overseas for the greater part of the reference period.

Table 6: Median age, as of June (years)

	2007	2012	2016	2017
Residents	36.4	38.4	40.0	40.5
Citizens	37.5	39.6	41.0	41.3

Source: Department of Statistics

Table 7: Proportion of singles among citizen males / females aged 20-49 years by age group, as of June¹³ (%)

	2006	2011	2015	2016
Proportion of singles among citizen males by age group				
20-24 years	97.4	98.7	98.7	98.4
25-29 years	77.2	80.3	82.6	80.6
30-34 years	40.2	45.3	43.4	41.3
35-39 years	23.0	24.6	25.1	24.9
40-44 years	17.3	16.6	18.2	17.6
45-49 years	13.5	13.4	14.2	14.7
Proportion of singles among citizen females by age group				
20-24 years	92.0	94.7	96.0	95.7
25-29 years	59.6	66.7	69.0	68.8
30-34 years	27.9	31.4	31.4	31.3
35-39 years	18.5	20.3	21.5	22.4
40-44 years	13.6	16.4	17.9	17.7
45-49 years	13.8	13.4	16.1	14.6

Source: Department of Statistics

¹³ Data on proportion of singles for selected years prior to 2015 were revised in Feb 2016 for consistency across different survey sources.

Table 8: Proportion of singles among citizens by age group, gender and highest qualification attained, as of June^{14,15} (%)

Age group (years) / Highest qualification attained	2006		2011		2016	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
Aged 30-39	31.4	23.0	34.5	25.5	33.1	26.9
Below secondary	41.9	18.1	36.1	17.2	40.1	21.0
Secondary	30.2	17.0	33.2	21.5	35.2	21.8
Post-secondary (Non-Tertiary)	28.0	23.4	34.1	21.5	31.5	21.9
Diploma & Professional Qualification	31.8	25.8	35.9	24.8	32.6	24.1
University	27.2	29.4	33.5	30.2	32.1	30.5
Aged 40-49	15.3	13.7	14.9	14.8	16.1	16.1
Below secondary	20.5	10.2	22.8	10.9	22.0	10.9
Secondary	13.6	13.0	14.4	11.5	17.9	12.0
Post-secondary (Non-Tertiary)	13.3	15.9	12.6	16.4	16.8	11.6
Diploma & Professional Qualification	9.0	22.6	12.0	18.0	14.2	19.3
University	9.1	21.4	10.2	22.3	13.7	21.6

Source: Department of Statistics

¹⁴ Data by highest qualification attained pertain to citizens who are not attending educational institutions as full-time students. The data include those who are upgrading their qualifications through part-time courses while working.

¹⁵ Data on proportion of singles for selected years prior to 2015 were revised in Feb 2016 for consistency across different survey sources.

Table 9: Number of marriages by residency status of grooms and brides

Grooms	Brides	2006	2011	2015	2016
Total number of marriages		23,706	27,258	28,322	27,971
Citizen	Citizen	12,617	13,763	15,243	15,292
Citizen	PR	1,169	1,397	1,428	1,471
Citizen	Non-resident	5,197	5,490	4,828	4,822
PR	Citizen	639	699	684	686
Non-resident	Citizen	1,156	1,363	1,622	1,602
PR	PR	725	912	603	573
PR	Non-resident	962	1,066	941	839
Non-resident	PR	519	654	671	642
Non-resident	Non-resident	722	1,914	2,302	2,044

Source: Department of Statistics

**Table 10: General marriage rates
(per 1,000 unmarried males / females aged 15-49 years)**

		2006	2011	2015	2016
Residents	Males	43.7	43.5	44.2	44.4
	Females	40.0	39.2	41.1	41.6
Citizens	Males	42.0	42.0	43.2	43.7
	Females	37.5	37.2	39.8	40.5

Source: Department of Statistics

Table 11: Median age at first marriage (years)

		2006	2011	2015	2016
Residents	Males	29.7	30.1	30.2	30.1
	Females	26.9	28.0	28.1	28.1
Citizens	Males	29.7	30.1	30.1	30.0
	Females	26.7	27.8	27.9	28.0

Source: Department of Statistics

Table 12: Origins of non-citizen spouses married to citizens (for marriages in stated year)

	2006	2011	2015	2016
Total	8,161	8,949	8,562	8,581
Non-citizen brides	6,366	6,887	6,256	6,293
Asia	6,170	6,640	6,069	6,108
Non-Asia	196	247	187	185
of which:				
Americas*	19	35	26	39
Europe	40	41	70	68
Oceania*	34	34	31	29
Others	103	137	60	49
Non-citizen grooms	1,795	2,062	2,306	2,288
Asia	1,208	1,355	1,491	1,564
Non-Asia	587	707	815	724
of which:				
Americas*	113	131	164	119
Europe	248	329	404	388
Oceania*	110	137	134	101
Others	116	110	113	116

*"Americas" consists of "United States of America" and "Canada". "Oceania" consists of "Australia", "New Zealand" and "Papua New Guinea".

Source: Department of Statistics

Table 13: Median age of mothers at first birth by residency status of mothers (years)

	2006	2011	2015	2016
Residents	29.5	30.1	30.7	30.7
Citizens	29.4	29.8	30.3	30.3

Source: Immigration & Checkpoints Authority

Table 14: Average number of children born to ever-married females aged 30-49 years by residency status of females, as of June (per ever-married female)

	2006		2011		2015		2016	
	30-39	40-49	30-39	40-49	30-39	40-49	30-39	40-49
Residents	1.55	2.08	1.46	1.99	1.46	1.85	1.45	1.84
Citizens	1.62	2.13	1.52	2.06	1.49	1.91	1.46	1.90

Source: Department of Statistics

Table 15: Proportion of ever-married females aged 30-49 years who are childless by residency status of females, as of June (%)

	2006		2011		2015		2016	
	30-39	40-49	30-39	40-49	30-39	40-49	30-39	40-49
Residents	18.3	7.7	20.9	9.1	20.7	11.6	20.3	11.4
Citizens	18.5	6.9	21.8	8.4	21.9	11.3	22.6	11.2

Source: Department of Statistics

Table 16: Number of births¹⁶ by birth order and residency status

Birth Order	2006	2011	2015	2016
Total births	38,317	39,654	42,185	41,251
Resident births	36,272	36,178	37,861	36,875
First	16,372	17,180	17,915	17,070
Second	12,948	12,959	13,314	13,309
Third	4,952	4,356	4,731	4,539
Fourth	1,432	1,211	1,332	1,330
Fifth & over	568	472	569	627
Citizen births	31,956	30,946	33,725	33,167
First	14,365	14,523	15,887	15,337
Second	11,124	10,919	11,632	11,769
Third	4,548	3,908	4,375	4,172
Fourth	1,363	1,136	1,278	1,270
Fifth & over	556	460	553	619

Source: Immigration & Checkpoints Authority

Table 17: Resident total fertility rate by ethnic group (per female)

	2006	2011	2015	2016
Overall	1.28	1.20	1.24	1.20
Chinese	1.11	1.08	1.10	1.07
Malays	2.02	1.64	1.79	1.80
Indians	1.27	1.09	1.15	1.04

Source: Department of Statistics

¹⁶ Citizen births refer to births born to at least one citizen parent. Resident births refer to births born to at least one citizen or PR parent.

Table 18: Profile of SCs and PRs granted in 2016

	New Permanent Residents	New Citizens
Total	31,050	22,102
<i>By age group (%)</i>		
Above 40 years	6.8	22.0
31-40 years	23.5	27.3
21-30 years	40.9	12.5
20 years and below	28.9	38.2
<i>By highest qualification attained among those aged 20 & over (%)</i>		
Post-secondary	82.7	73.5
Secondary and below	17.3	26.5
<i>By region of origin (%)</i>		
Southeast Asian countries	62.0	62.0
Other Asian countries	29.6	32.2
Others	8.4	5.8

Source: Immigration & Checkpoints Authority

List of Relevant Publications

<i>Singapore Department of Statistics</i>
Population Trends 2017
Census of Population 2010
General Household Survey 2015
Statistics on Marriages & Divorces 2016
Monthly Digest of Statistics
Singapore in Figures 2017
Yearbook of Statistics 2017
<i>Immigration & Checkpoints Authority</i>
Report on Registration of Births & Deaths 2016
Singapore Demographic Bulletin
<i>Ministry of Manpower</i>
Statement on Labour Market Developments in 1H 2017

For more information, you may visit the following websites:

Strategy Group, Prime Minister's Office	:	www.strategygroup.gov.sg
Singapore Department of Statistics	:	www.singstat.gov.sg
Ministry of Home Affairs	:	www.mha.gov.sg
Immigration & Checkpoints Authority	:	www.ica.gov.sg
Ministry of Manpower	:	www.mom.gov.sg



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